

error until the best indexing was obtained consistent with all the patterns. Lattice parameters were calculated by using a least squares analysis of the relation for orthorhombic systems given in equation 2. Then all possible  $d$  values were calculated from these lattice parameters using the parameters and the assigned Miller indices in equation 2. The observed  $d$  values were compared to the calculated values and the assigned  $hkl$  values were adjusted for best agreement and lattice parameters were recalculated. This procedure was repeated several times until no further improvement between calculated and observed  $d$  values could be obtained. The indexings thus obtained are given in Table 11 in the Appendix.

The cubic  $\text{Th}_3\text{P}_4$  type patterns obtained in the sesquisulfides were indexed directly from the  $d$  values by the method outlined by Azaroff and Buerger (29) using the relation for isometric systems given in equation 1. Lattice parameters were calculated by a least squares analysis of the observed  $d$  values and the assigned Miller indices.

The calculated and observed  $d$  values and  $hkl$  values for all compounds studied are given in Tables 10, 11 and 12 in the Appendix. The lattice parameters are summarized in Tables 5 and 6. The variation of lattice parameters of the  $\text{LaSb}_2$  type is shown in Figure 19. Data of Wang and Steinfink are also included (1). The present data seem to fit quite